

Intraprocedural Recommendations for Reducing Surgical Site Infections (SSI's)

The American Society of Regional Anesthesia and Pain Medicine (ASRA Pain Medicine) consensus recommendations for infection control based on pain procedure classifications ([refer to table 3 in the article](#)).

Procedure Type Classifications: A B C D



Grade A Recommendations

(high certainty that the net benefit is substantial)

- Avoid unnecessary delays that result in increased procedure duration.^{C,D}



Grade B Recommendations

(high certainty that the net benefit is moderate, or moderate certainty that the net benefit is substantial)

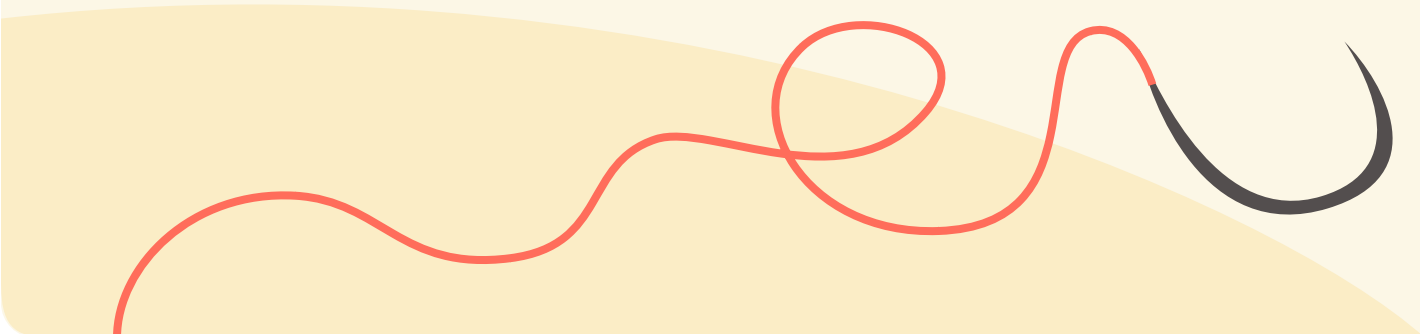


- Sterile gloves^{A,B,C,D}
- Chlorhexidine-based products are the preferred skin antiseptic in surgical and interventional pain procedures (including neuraxial).^{A,B,C,D}
- Personal protective equipment (surgical cap and eye protection).^{B,C,D}
- Sterile surgical gown.^{C,D}
- The rubber septum on medication vials should be disinfected with alcohol prior to piercing.^{A,B,C,D}
- Use of a stylet needle is recommended when performing intradiscal procedures.^C
- A double-needle technique for performing intradiscal procedures is recommended.^C
- Sterile C-arm cover.^{C,D}
- Avoid contact with C-arm.^{A,B,C,D}
- Operating rooms should have high efficiency particulate air filtration systems.^{C,D}
- Maintain operating room humidity levels between 20% and 70%.^{C,D}
- Full-length patient surgical body drape.^{C,D}
- Limit tissue trauma, maintain homeostasis, eradicate dead space, and avoid the electrocautery at tissue surface.^D



Grade C Recommendations

(moderate certainty that the net benefit is small)



- Minimize operating room traffic.^{C,D}
- Monofilament rather than multifilament sutures should be considered for superficial skin closure.^D
- Triclosan-coated sutures can be considered in patients at elevated risk for SSIs.^D



Grade I Recommendation

(evidence is lacking, of poor quality, or conflicting, and the balance of benefits and harms cannot be determined)

- Application of vancomycin powder to the surgical wound is not routinely recommended.^D

